CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1300

Chapter 220, Laws of 2024

68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

ASSISTED REPRODUCTION-HEALTH CARE PROVIDER FRAUD

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 6, 2024

Passed by the House March 5, 2024 Yeas 93 Nays 0

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate February 27, 2024 Yeas 49 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1300 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BERNARD DEAN

Chief Clerk

DENNY HECK

President of the Senate

Approved March 25, 2024 1:35 PM

FILED

March 26, 2024

JAY INSLEE

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1300

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2024 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By House Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Orwall, Mosbrucker, Graham, Jacobsen, Lekanoff, Macri, and Reed)

READ FIRST TIME 02/24/23.

AN ACT Relating to fraud in assisted reproduction; amending RCW 9A.36.031; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.180; and prescribing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 9A.36.031 and 2013 c 256 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) A person is guilty of assault in the third degree if he or 8 she, under circumstances not amounting to assault in the first or 9 second degree:

10 (a) With intent to prevent or resist the execution of any lawful 11 process or mandate of any court officer or the lawful apprehension or 12 detention of himself, herself, or another person, assaults another; 13 or

(b) Assaults a person employed as a transit operator or driver, the immediate supervisor of a transit operator or driver, a mechanic, or a security officer, by a public or private transit company or a contracted transit service provider, while that person is performing his or her official duties at the time of the assault; or

(c) Assaults a school bus driver, the immediate supervisor of a driver, a mechanic, or a security officer, employed by a school district transportation service or a private company under contract

1 for transportation services with a school district, while the person 2 is performing his or her official duties at the time of the assault; 3 or

4 (d) With criminal negligence, causes bodily harm to another
5 person by means of a weapon or other instrument or thing likely to
6 produce bodily harm; or

7 (e) Assaults a firefighter or other employee of a fire 8 department, county fire marshal's office, county fire prevention 9 bureau, or fire protection district who was performing his or her 10 official duties at the time of the assault; or

(f) With criminal negligence, causes bodily harm accompanied by substantial pain that extends for a period sufficient to cause considerable suffering; or

(g) Assaults a law enforcement officer or other employee of a law enforcement agency who was performing his or her official duties at the time of the assault; or

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(h) Assaults a peace officer with a projectile stun gun; or

(i) Assaults a nurse, physician, or health care provider who was 18 performing his or her nursing or health care duties at the time of 19 the assault. For purposes of this subsection: "Nurse" means a person 20 21 licensed under chapter 18.79 RCW; "physician" means a person licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW; and "health care provider" means a 22 person certified under chapter 18.71 or 18.73 RCW who performs 23 24 emergency medical services or a person regulated under Title 18 RCW 25 and employed by, or contracting with, a hospital licensed under 26 chapter 70.41 RCW; or

(j) Assaults a judicial officer, court-related employee, county 27 clerk, or county clerk's employee, while that person is performing 28 his or her official duties at the time of the assault or as a result 29 of that person's employment within the judicial system. For purposes 30 31 of this subsection, "court-related employee" includes bailiffs, court reporters, judicial assistants, court managers, court managers' 32 employees, and any other employee, regardless of title, who is 33 engaged in equivalent functions; or 34

35 (k) Assaults a person located in a courtroom, jury room, judge's 36 chamber, or any waiting area or corridor immediately adjacent to a 37 courtroom, jury room, or judge's chamber. This section shall apply 38 only: (i) During the times when a courtroom, jury room, or judge's 39 chamber is being used for judicial purposes during court proceedings; 1 and (ii) if signage was posted in compliance with RCW 2.28.200 at the 2 time of the assault; or

3 (1) Is a licensed health care provider who implants or causes 4 another to implant the provider's own gametes or reproductive 5 material into a patient during an assisted reproduction procedure. 6 For the purposes of this subsection, "gamete" means sperm, egg, or 7 any part of a sperm or egg, and "reproductive material" means a human 8 gamete or a human organism at any stage of development from 9 fertilized ovum to embryo.

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(2) Assault in the third degree is a class C felony.

11 Sec. 2. RCW 18.130.180 and 2023 c 192 s 2 and 2023 c 122 s 4 are 12 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in RCW 18.130.450, the following conduct, acts, or conditions constitute unprofessional conduct for any license holder under the jurisdiction of this chapter:

16 (1) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption relating to the practice of the person's 17 profession, whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act 18 constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a 19 20 condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, 21 however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the 22 ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the 23 24 person's violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which 25 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction 26 27 and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or 28 suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under chapter 9.96A RCW; 29

30 (2) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in 31 obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;

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(3) All advertising which is false, fraudulent, or misleading;

(4) Incompetence, negligence, or malpractice which results in injury to a patient or which creates an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed. The use of a nontraditional treatment by itself shall not constitute unprofessional conduct, provided that it does not result in injury to a patient or create an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed;

1 (5) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual's 2 license to practice any health care profession by competent authority 3 in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of 4 the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the 5 revocation, suspension, or restriction;

6 (6) The possession, use, prescription for use, or distribution of 7 controlled substances or legend drugs in any way other than for 8 legitimate or therapeutic purposes, diversion of controlled 9 substances or legend drugs, the violation of any drug law, or 10 prescribing controlled substances for oneself;

(7) Violation of any state or federal statute or administrative rule regulating the profession in question, including any statute or rule defining or establishing standards of patient care or professional conduct or practice;

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(8) Failure to cooperate with the disciplining authority by:

16 (a) Not furnishing any papers, documents, records, or other 17 items;

(b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in the complaint filed with the disciplining authority;

(c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the disciplining authority, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding; or

(d) Not providing reasonable and timely access for authorized
 representatives of the disciplining authority seeking to perform
 practice reviews at facilities utilized by the license holder;

(9) Failure to comply with an order issued by the disciplining authority or a stipulation for informal disposition entered into with the disciplining authority;

30 (10) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice when a 31 license is required;

(11) Violations of rules established by any health agency;

33 (12) Practice beyond the scope of practice as defined by law or 34 rule;

35 (13) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of 36 the business or profession;

37 (14) Failure to adequately supervise auxiliary staff to the 38 extent that the consumer's health or safety is at risk;

1 (15) Engaging in a profession involving contact with the public 2 while suffering from a contagious or infectious disease involving 3 serious risk to public health;

4 (16) Promotion for personal gain of any unnecessary or 5 inefficacious drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service;

6 (17) Conviction of any gross misdemeanor or felony relating to 7 the practice of the person's profession. For the purposes of this 8 subsection, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of 9 guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for conviction and all 10 proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended. 11 Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under chapter 12 9.96A RCW;

13 (18) The offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat 14 disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the 15 treating, operating, or prescribing for any health condition by a 16 method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge 17 upon demand of the disciplining authority;

18 (19) The willful betrayal of a practitioner-patient privilege as 19 recognized by law;

20 (20) Violation of chapter 19.68 RCW or a pattern of violations of 21 RCW 41.05.700(8), 48.43.735(8), 48.49.020, 48.49.030, 71.24.335(8), 22 or 74.09.325(8);

(21) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary 23 proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the 24 25 disciplining authority or its authorized representative, or by the 26 use of threats or harassment against any patient or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or 27 any other legal action, or by the use of financial inducements to any 28 29 patient or witness to prevent or attempt to prevent him or her from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding; 30

31 (22)

(22) Current misuse of:

32 (a) Alcohol;

33 (b) Controlled substances; or

34 (c) Legend drugs;

35 (23) Abuse of a client or patient or sexual contact with a client 36 or patient;

37 (24) Acceptance of more than a nominal gratuity, hospitality, or 38 subsidy offered by a representative or vendor of medical or health-39 related products or services intended for patients, in contemplation 40 of a sale or for use in research publishable in professional

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journals, where a conflict of interest is presented, as defined by rules of the disciplining authority, in consultation with the department, based on recognized professional ethical standards;

- 4 (25) Violation of RCW 18.130.420;
- 5 (26) Performing conversion therapy on a patient under age 6 eighteen;
- 7 (27) Violation of RCW 18.130.430;
- 8 (28) Violation of RCW 18.130.460; or
- 9 (29) Implanting the license holder's own gametes or reproductive
- 10 <u>material into a patient</u>.

Passed by the House March 5, 2024. Passed by the Senate February 27, 2024. Approved by the Governor March 25, 2024. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 26, 2024.

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